

# X-ray image body part clustering using deep convolutional neural network



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# Introduction

## Task

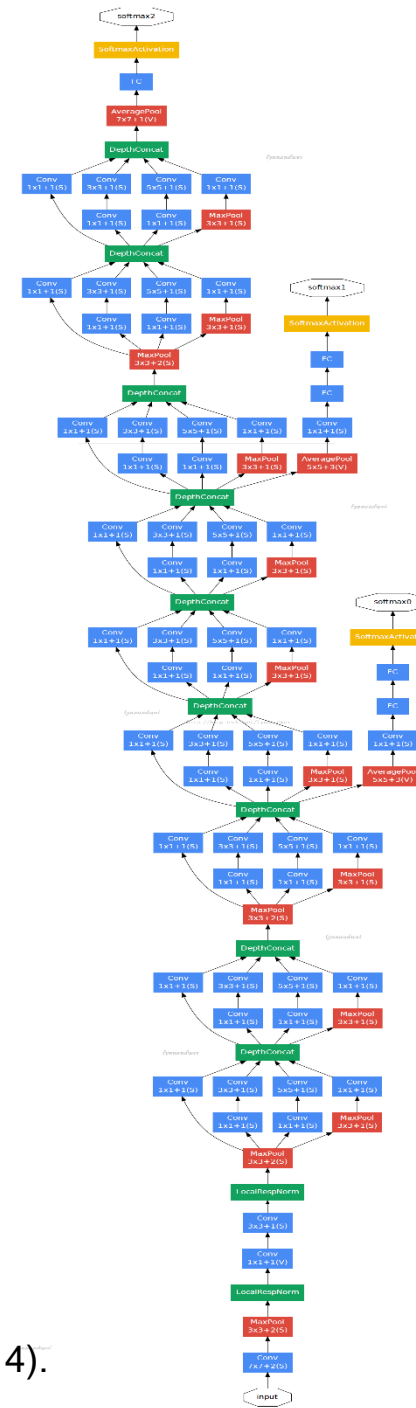
- Given digital x-ray images of various body parts, clustering images into four different body parts: head-neck, upper-limb, body and lower-limb

## Method

- Multi-class image classification
- Simple application of pretrained deep convolutional neural network
- Finetune from GoogLeNet which is pretrained on ImageNet dataset
- Softmax loss function

# GoogLeNet

- Deep convolutional neural network
- Inception module
  - Network in Network
- Pretrained on ImageNet database
  - 1000 categories
    - e.g., Zebra, Mountain bike, Orange



# Finetuning GoogLeNet

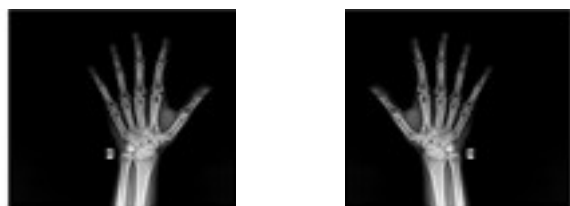
- Experimented with Caffe
- Initial learning rate 0.001
- Batch\_size: 40

# Data augmentation

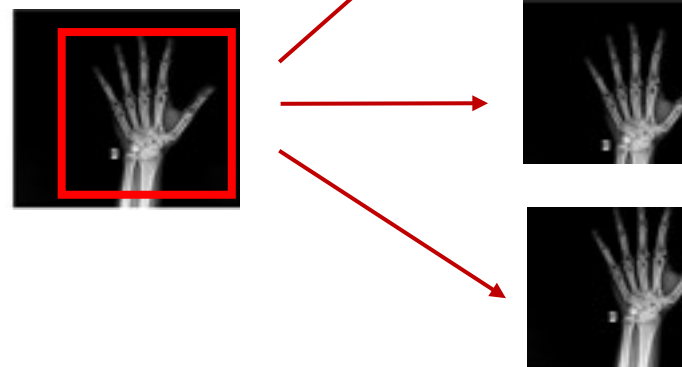
- 90 degree random rotation (90', 180', 270' and 360')



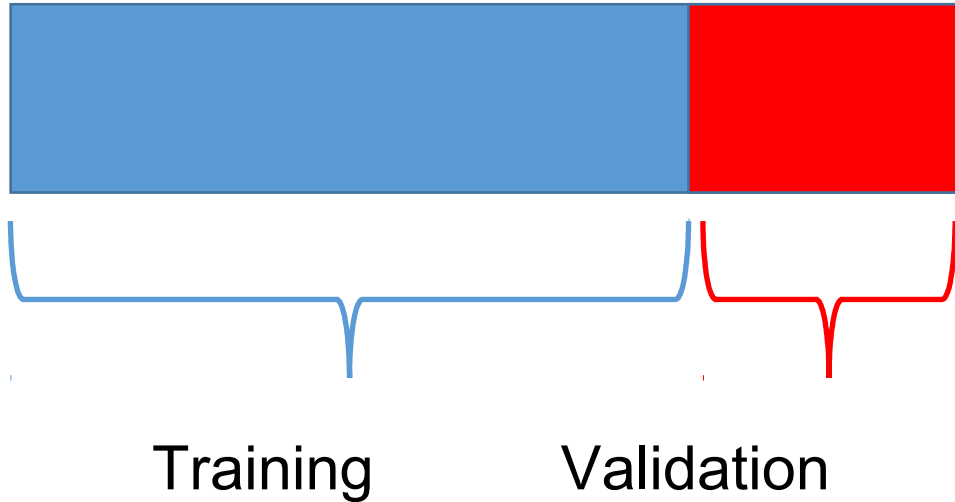
- Random mirroring (left-right flipping of image)



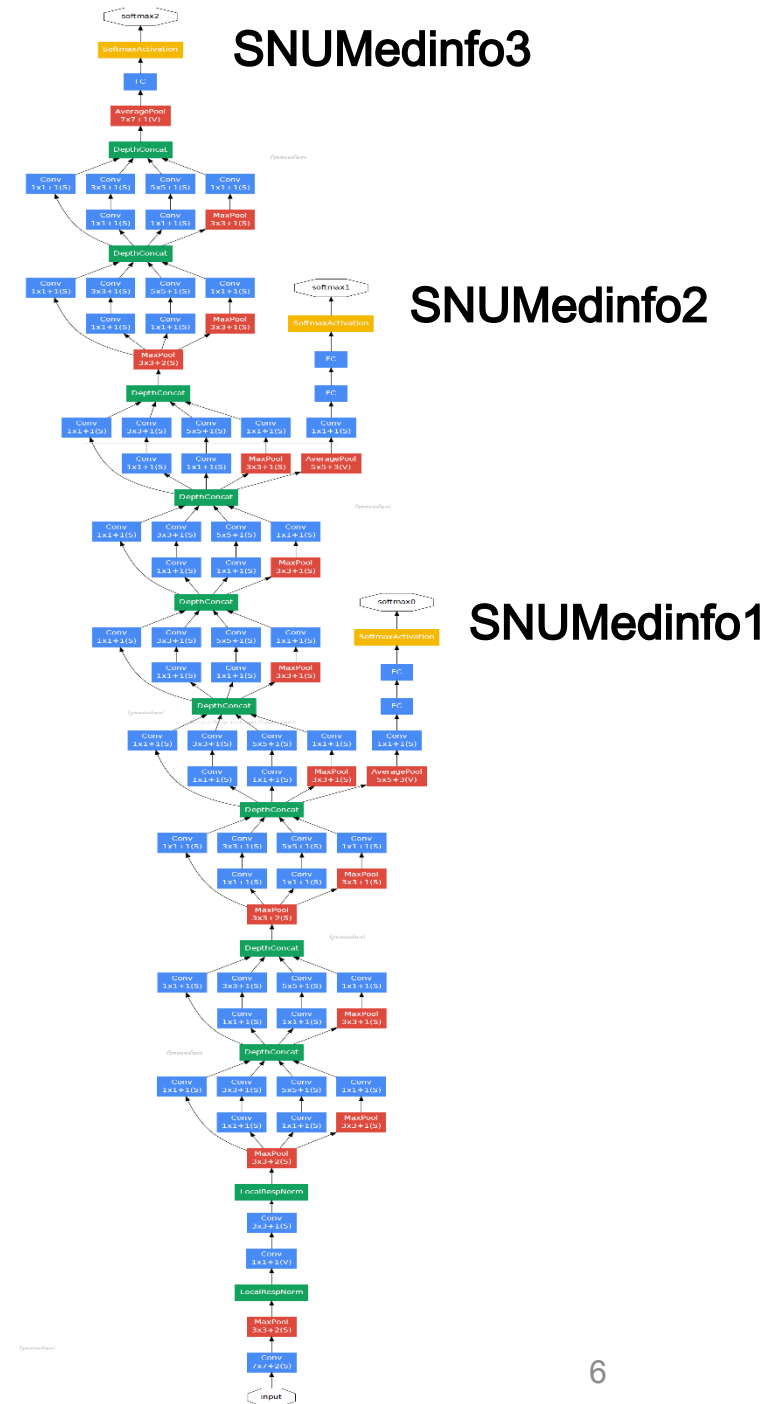
- Image resizing and random crop
  - $300 \times 300 \Rightarrow 224 \times 224$



- 5-fold cross validation



- Per-model top-1 accuracy: 0.89~0.93
- Borda-fuse
  - Combine with rank information



# Evaluation result

Name	Name of the Sumited file	Exact Match	Any Match	Hamming similary
IBM MMAFL	1431923404568__IBM_MRL_ef_mslbppy_r_scodes_densemblbp_densesift_th.txt	<b>0.752</b>	<b>0.864</b>	0.863
SNUMedInfo	1431946260816__SNUMedinfo3.txt	0.709	0.856	0.895
SNUMedInfo	1431946236163__SNUMedinfo2.txt	0.699	0.844	0.890
IBM MMAFL	1431923215231__IBM_MRL_ef_mslbppy_r_scodes_densemblbp_densesift_max.txt	0.695	0.840	0.889
IBM MMAFL	1431773613950__IBM_MRL_Sift_FV.txt	0.692	0.832	<b>0.896</b>
IBM MMAFL	1431773914574__IBM_MRL_SMO_edge_histogram_pyramid23.txt	0.692	0.732	0.755
IBM MMAFL	1431932028897__fuse_pred.txt	0.689	0.820	0.890
SNUMedInfo	1431946207517__SNUMedinfo1.txt	0.679	0.820	0.879
IBM MMAFL	1431922644645__IBM_MRL_mlhist_mslbp_pyr_max.txt	0.672	0.812	0.874
AmrZEGY	1431858638236__run1.txt	0.646	0.780	0.868
NLM	1431352031992__OpenI_SetA_5class.out	0.613	0.740	0.849
CASMIP	1431623161365__C_knnclassification.txt	0.606	0.732	0.843
CASMIP	1431621989456__svmclassification.txt	0.603	0.728	0.847
IBM MMAFL	1431773973109__IBM_MRL_SMO_lbp_histogram_pyramid23.txt	0.603	0.708	0.778
CASMIP	1431399984301__knnclassification.txt	0.599	0.724	0.847
IBM MMAFL	1431922924104__IBM_MRL_scodes_denseMBLBP_max.txt	0.599	0.724	0.838
NLM	1431634802808__OpenI_5class.out	0.593	0.716	0.842
CASMIP	1431623320464__TC_knnclassification.txt	0.589	0.712	0.842
CASMIP	1431623385130__TC_logclassification.txt	0.589	0.712	0.842
CASMIP	1431623447485__TC_logclassification.txt	0.589	0.712	0.842
CASMIP	1431622163959__logclassification.txt	0.573	0.692	0.833
CASMIP	1431622397898__dbnclassification.txt	0.573	0.692	0.833
CASMIP	1431623254773__TC_dbnclassification.txt	0.563	0.680	0.830

# Discussion

- Finetuning from pretrained deep CNN model showed competitive performance
  - ImageNet dataset has different types of images from x-ray image
  - Small number (5k) of training set image
  - No domain knowledge is used
- We just let deep CNN model learn by themselves
- Augmented training data to give them more examples



# Future work

- Scaling

